12,8 & 25,6 Volt Lithium-Iron-Phosphate Batteries Smart

cells connected in series.

With Bluetooth

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12,8 V 330 Ah LiFePO4 Battery

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VictronConnect App

Why lithium-iron-phosphate? Rugged

A lead-acid battery will fail prematurely due to sulfation:

system and up to 102 kWh in a 24 V^{11} and 48 V^{11} system.

• If it operates in deficit mode during long periods of time (i.e. if the battery is rarely, or never at all, fully charged).

Victron Energy Lithium Battery Smart batteries are Lithium Iron Phosphate (LiFePO4) batteries and are available in 12.8 V or 25.6 V in various capacities. They can be connected in series, parallel and series/parallel so that a battery bank can be built for system voltages of 12 V, 24 V or 48 V. The maximum number of batteries in one system is 20, which results in a maximum energy storage of 84 kWh in a 12 V

A single LFP cell has a nominal voltage of 3.2 V. A 12.8 V battery consists of 4 cells connected in series and a 25.6 V battery consists of 8

If it is left partially charged or worse, fully discharged (yacht or mobile home during wintertime).

A LFP battery:

- Does not need to be fully charged. Service life even slightly improves in case of partial charge instead of a full charge. This is a major advantage of LFP compared to lead-acid.
 - Other advantages are the wide operating temperature range, excellent cycling performance, low internal resistance and high efficiency (see below).

LFP is therefore the chemistry of choice for demanding applications.

Efficient

- In several applications (especially off-grid solar and/or wind), energy efficiency can be of crucial importance.
 - The round-trip energy efficiency (discharge from 100 % to 0 % and back to 100 % charged) of the average lead-acid battery is 80 %.
- The round-trip energy efficiency of a LFP battery is 92 %.
- The charge process of lead-acid batteries becomes particularly inefficient when the 80 % state of charge has been reached, resulting in efficiencies of 50 % or even less in solar systems where several days of reserve energy is required (battery operating in 70 % to 100 % charged state).
- In contrast, a LFP battery will still achieve 90 % efficiency under shallow discharge conditions.

Size and weight

- Saves up to 70 % in space
- Saves up to 70 % in weight

Expensive?

LFP batteries are expensive when compared to lead-acid. But in demanding applications, the high initial cost will be more
than compensated by longer service life, superior reliability and excellent efficiency.

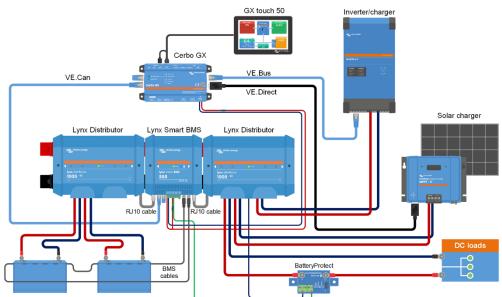
Bluetooth

- With Bluetooth cell voltages, temperature and alarm status can be monitored.
- Instant readout: The <u>VictonConnect App</u> can display the most important data on the Device list page without the need to connect to the product.
- Very useful to localize a (potential) problem, such as cell imbalance.

Six tailored BMS solutions

 There are 6 different BMS models tailored for various applications available for use with the Lithium Battery Smart. The system design and BMS selection guide in the battery manual provides an overview and explains the differences between them and their typical use.

¹⁾ To reduce required balancing time, we recommend using a little different batteries in series as possible for the application. 24 V systems are best built using 24 V batteries. And 48 V systems are best built using two 24 V batteries in series. While the alternative, four 12 V batteries in series, will work, it will require more periodic balancing time.



2 batteries in parallel

Our LFP batteries have integrated cell balancing and cell monitoring. The cell balancing/monitoring cables can be daisy-chained and must be connected to a Battery Management System (BMS).

Battery Management System (BMS)

The BMS will:

- Generate a pre-alarm whenever the voltage of a battery cell decreases to less than 3.1 V (adjustable 2.85 V 3.15 V). 1.
- 2. Disconnect or shut down the load whenever the voltage of a battery cell decreases to less than 2.8 V (adjustable 2.6 V - 2.8 V).
- 3. Stop the charging process whenever the voltage of a battery cell increases to more than 3.75 V or when the temperature becomes too high or too low.

See the BMS datasheets for more features.

			Battery s	pecification				
	LFP-	LFP-	LFP-	LFP-	LFP-	LFP- Smart	LFP- Smart	LFP-
VOLTAGE AND CAPACITY	Smart	Smart	Smart	Smart	Smart	12,8/330	25,6/100	Smart
NI 1 1	12,8/50	12,8/100	12,8/160	12,8/180	12,8/200	10.01/		25,6/200-a
Nominal voltage	12,8 V	12,8 V	12,8 V	12,8 V	12,8 V	12,8 V	25,6 V	25,6 V
Nominal capacity @ 25 °C*	50 Ah	100 Ah	160 Ah	180 Ah	200 Ah	330 Ah	100 Ah	200 Ah
Nominal capacity @ 0 °C*	40 Ah	80 Ah	130 Ah	150 Ah	160 Ah	260 Ah	80 Ah	160 Ah
Nominal capacity @ -20 °C*	25 Ah	50 Ah	80 Ah	90 Ah	100 Ah	160 Ah	50 Ah	100 Ah
Nominal energy @ 25 °C*	640 Wh	1280 Wh	2048 Wh	2304 Wh	2560 Wh	4220 Wh	2560 Wh	5120 Wh
*Discharge current ≤1C								
			CYCLE LIFE (capac	ity ≥ 80 % of nom	ninal)			
80 % DoD	2500 cycles							
70 % DoD	3000 cycles							
50 % DoD	5000 cycles							
			DISC	CHARGE				
Maximum continuous discharge current	100 A	200 A	320 A	360 A	400 A	400 A	200 A	400 A
Recommended continuous discharge current	≤50 A	≤100 A	≤160 A	≤180 A	≤200 A	≤300 A	≤100 A	≤200 A
End of discharge voltage	11.2 V	11.2 V	11.2 V	11.2 V	11.2 V	11.2 V	22.4 V	22.4 V
Internal resistance	2 mΩ	0.8 mΩ	0.9 mΩ	0.9 mΩ	0.8 mΩ	0.8 mΩ	1.6 mΩ	1.5 mΩ
			OPERATIN	G CONDITIONS				
Operating temperature	Discharge: -20 °C to +50 °C Charge: +5 °C to +50 °C							
Storage temperature	45 °C to +70 °C							
Humidity (non-condensing)	Max. 95 %							
Protection class	IP 22							
			CH	IARGE				
Charge voltage	Between 14 V/28 V and 14,4 V/28,8 V (14,2 V/28,4 V recommended)							
Float voltage	13,5 V/27 V							
Maximum charge current	100 A	200 A	320 A	360 A	400 A	400 A	200 A	400 A
Recommended charge current	≤30 A	≤50 A	≤80 A	≤90 A	≤100 A	≤150 A	≤50 A	≤100 A
			МО	UNTING				
Can be placed on their sides	Yes ²⁾	Yes ²⁾	Yes ²⁾	Yes ²⁾	Yes ²⁾	No ³⁾	Yes ²⁾	Yes ²⁾
				THER				
Max storage time @ 25°C ¹⁾			~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~		vear			
BMS connection	1 year Male + female cable with M8 circular connector, length 50 cm							
Power connection (threaded	M8	M8	Male + Terri M8	M8	M8	M10	M8	M8
inserts)								
Dimensions (hxwxd) mm	199 x 188 x 147	197 x 321 x 152	237 x 321 x 152	237 x 321 x 152	237 x 321 x 152	265 x 359 x 206	197 x 650 x 163	237 x 650 x 16
Weight	7 kg	14 kg	18 kg	18 kg	20 kg	29 kg	28 kg	39 kg
			STAI	NDARDS				
Safety	Cells: UL1973 + IEC62619:2017 + UL9540A		Cells: IEC62133:2012		Cells: UL1973 + IEC62619:2017 + UL9540A Battery: IEC62619:2017 + IEC62620:2014	Cells: UL1642	Cells: UL1973 + UL9540A	Cells: UL1973 IEC62619:2017 UL9540A Battery: IEC62620:201
	EN 60335-1:2012/AC:2014, EN-IEC 62368-1: 2020, IEC 61427-1:2013							
EMC	EN-IEC 61000-6-3:2007/A1:2011/AC:2012 - EN 55014-1:2017/A11:2020							
Automotive				ECE	R10-6			
1) When fully charged								

¹⁾ When fully charged
 ²⁾ The lithium battery can be mounted upright and on its side, but not with the battery terminals facing down
 ³⁾ The 12,8V/330Ah lithium battery may only be mounted in an upright position

